Name _____ Date _____

SEE HOW Strategies for adding

EXAMPLE 1
Doubles: 7 + 7 = 14
Near doubles: 7 + 8 = 14 + 1 = **15**

EXAMPLE 2
Make a 10: 9 + 5
9 + 1 = 10, then 4 more.
10 + 4 = **14**

EXAMPLE 3
Three numbers: look for a 10.
3 + 6 + 7 → 3 + 7 = 10
10 + 6 = **16**

YOUR TURN Make a 10. Then add.

① 9 + 5 = ☐
Think: 9 + 1 = 10, then add 4 more

② 8 + 3 = ☐
Think: 8 + 2 = 10, then add 1 more

PRACTICE Use a double to help.

③ 8 + 9 = ☐
Think: 8 + 8 = 16, plus 1

④ 5 + 6 = ☐
Think: 5 + 5 = 10, plus 1

⑤ 9 + 10 = ☐
Think: 9 + 9 = 18, plus 1

PRACTICE Add.

⑥ 3 + 8 = ☐
⑦ 5 + 8 = ☐
⑧ 2 + 3 = ☐
⑨ 3 + 9 = ☐
⑩ 9 + 6 = ☐
⑪ 9 + 3 = ☐
⑫ 4 + 4 = ☐
⑬ 5 + 2 = ☐
⑭ 2 + 5 = ☐
⑮ 3 + 6 = ☐
⑯ 9 + 7 = ☐
⑰ 9 + 5 = ☐

PRACTICE Find the 10 first. Then add.

⑱ 2 + 8 + 5 = ☐
⑲ 3 + 7 + 1 = ☐
⑳ 8 + 2 + 2 = ☐

THINK IT THROUGH Solve the story.

㉑ Chloe has 5 big apples and 7 small apples. How many apples are there in all?

5 + 7 = ☐ apples

★ BRAIN BOOST Missing number

What number goes in the box?

☐ + 6 = 18

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1. **14**
2. **11**
3. **17**
4. **11**
5. **19**
6. **11**
7. **13**
8. **5**
9. **12**
10. **15**
11. **12**
12. **8**
13. **7**
14. **7**
15. **9**
16. **16**
17. **14**
18. **15**
19. **11**
20. **12**
21. 5 + 7 = **12** apples

★ **12**